



Revision number 1

Q1. State True or False.

1. Food crops form the staple diet of the people. True.
2. Most spices are used to add flavour to food. True.
3. Sugarcane is a non food crop cultivated in horticulture. False.
4. Iron and steel industry supports many other industries. True.
5. Mumbai is called the silicon valley of India. False.
6. Men's lungi in Kerala is called veshti. False
7. Kathakali is a folk dance. False
8. Wall paintings in Ajanta Caves show the life of Lord Buddha. True
9. Taj Mahal is an example of Mughul architectural style. True
10. Republic is ruled by a king. False.
16. India has a constitution. True.
17. In a socialist, all people are free to follow any religion. True.
18. Respecting the constitution is a fundamental right. False.

19. The government must prevent child labour. True.

20. Soil is used to make bricks. True

21. Vanmahotsav is a program launched by government to plant trees.

True

22. Solar energy is the energy of wind. False

23. Forests are man-made home to wild animals. False

24. We get metals from fuels. False

25. Lok Sabha is also known as the upper house. False

26. State Legislative Assemblies make laws for the state. True

27. High Court is the highest court in India. False

28..Sarpanch is the head of the Municipal committee. False

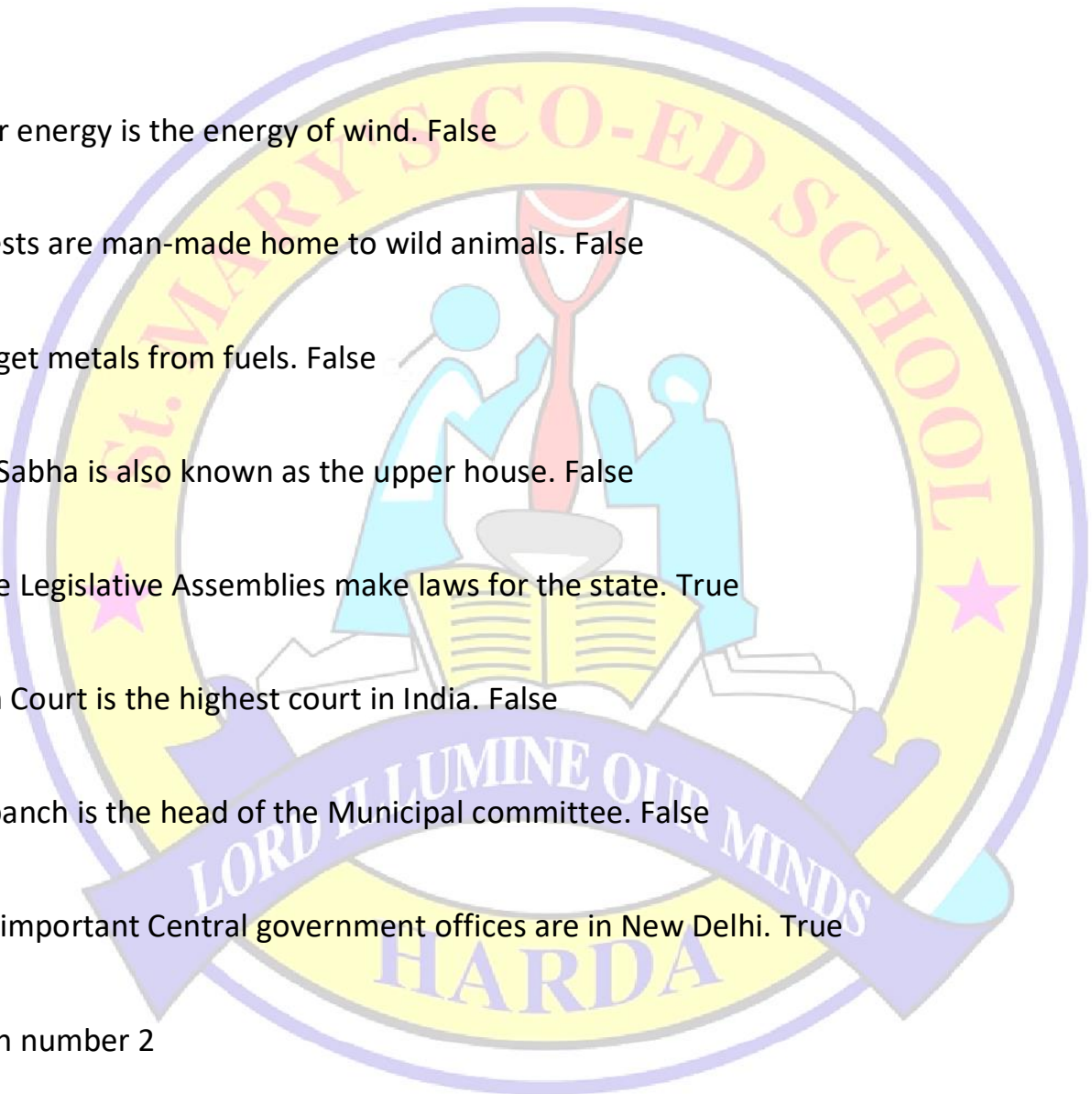
29..The important Central government offices are in New Delhi. True

Revision number 2

QII.Tick (✓) the correct option.

1. _____ is an exhaustible resource.

Answer .Copper



2. _____ is an inexhaustible resource.

Answer. Forests

3. _____ is not a fuel.

Answer. Aluminium

4. _____ is a metal.

Answer. Silver

5. _____ is not a natural resource. Answer .Fertilizer

6. The chairman of the Rajya Sabha is _____.

Answer-(a) vice president

7. The chairman of the Rajya Sabha is _____.

Answer-(a) vice president

8. The Lok Sabha consists of _____ members.

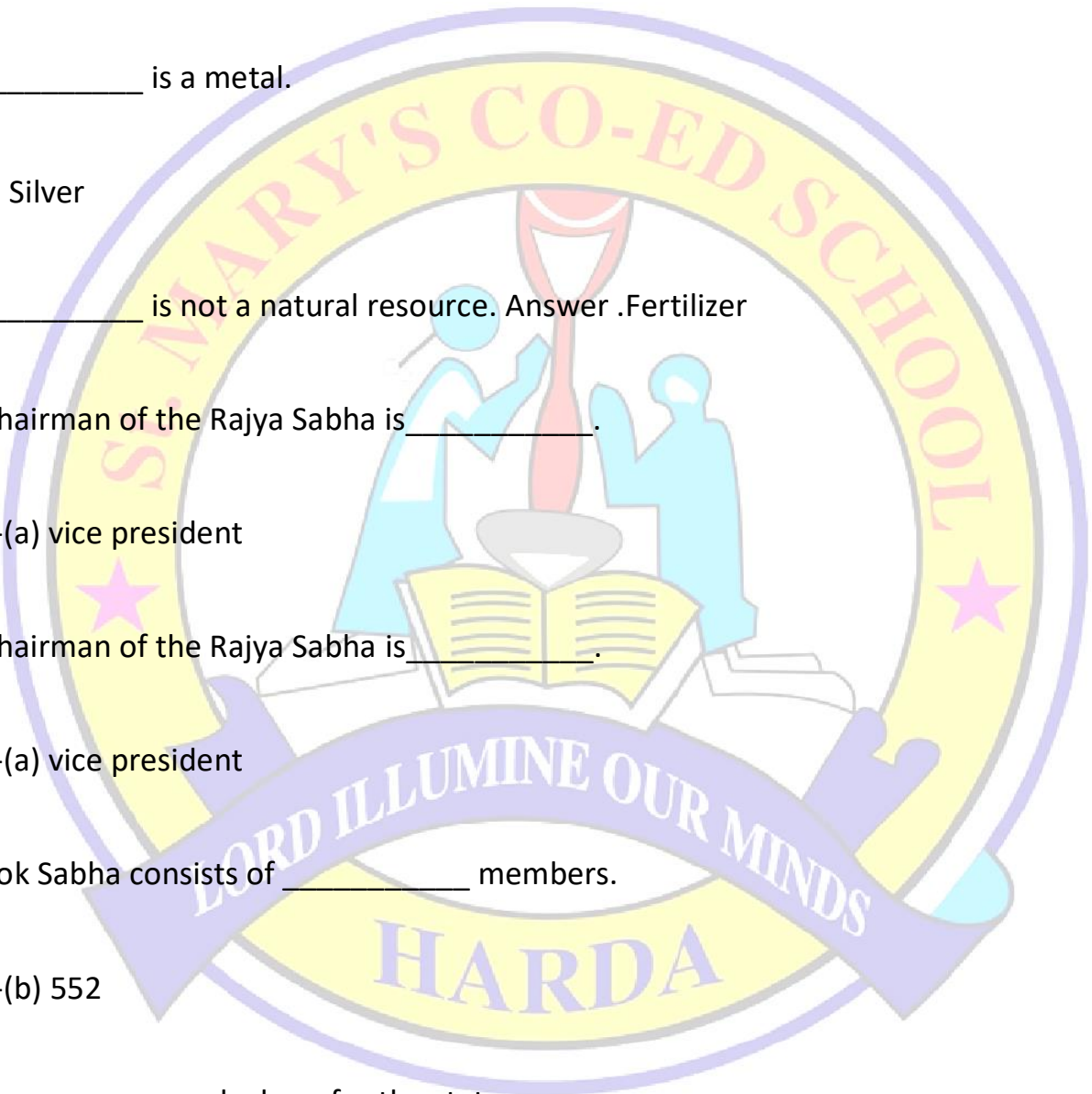
Answer-(b) 552

9. The _____ make laws for the state.

Answer-(c) state legislative assemblies

10. The Governor appoints _____.

Answer-(a) chief minister



11. The head of Municipal Corporation is called _____.

Answer-(c) Mayor

12. The head of our Republic is the _____.

Ans. President.

13. 26 January is celebrated as _____.

Ans. Republic Day.

14. India is a _____ country.

Ans. Democratic.

15. The set of written rules according to which country runs is called _____.

Ans. Constitution.

16. When all religions are treated equally it is called _____.

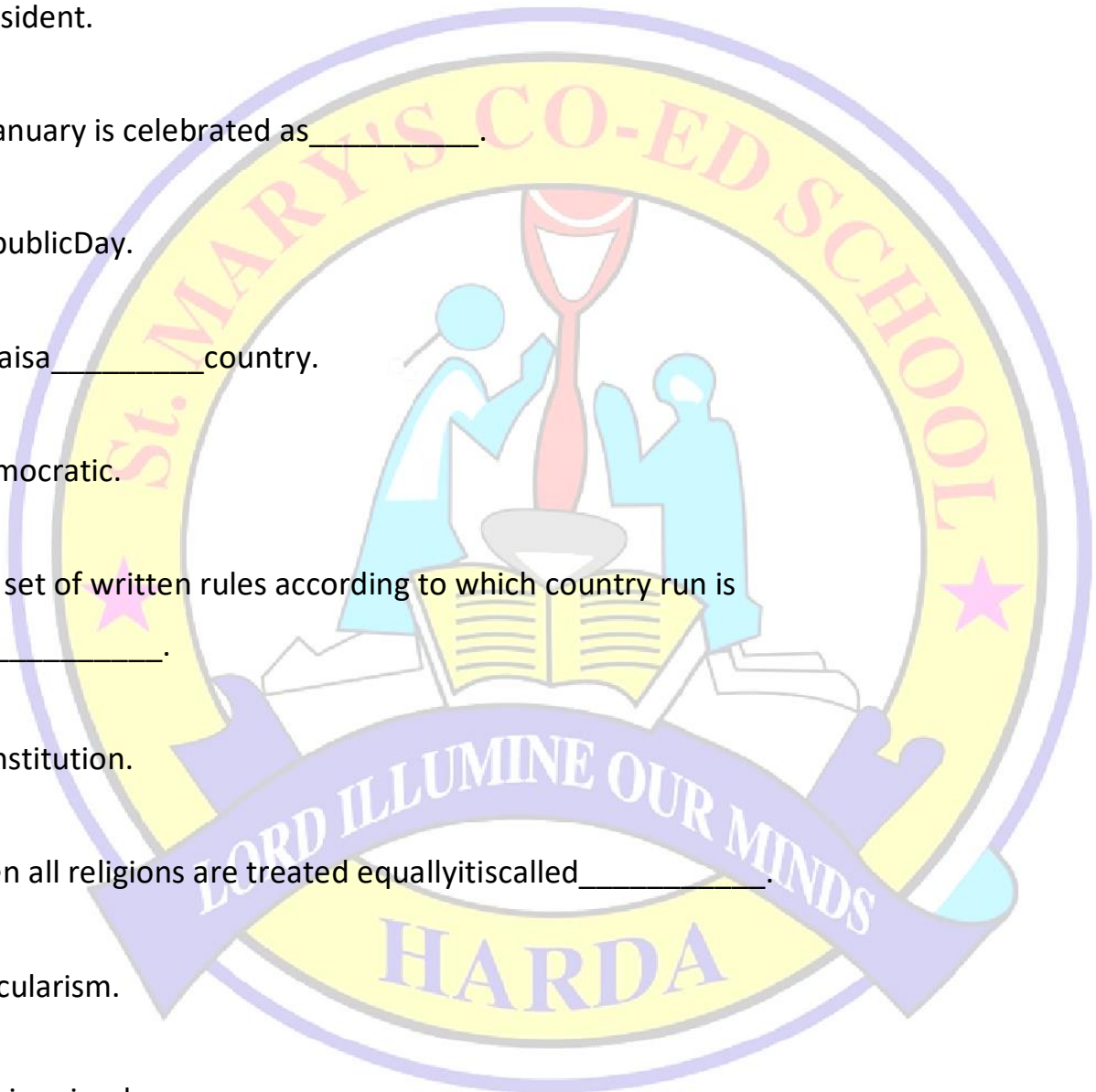
Ans. Secularism.

17. A pheran is a long _____.

Ans. kurta

18. _____ is written from left to right.

Ans. Bangla



19. _____ is a religious festival.

Ans. Diwali

20. The temples of Khajuraho are located in _____.

Ans. M .P

21. _____ is the folk dance of Punjab.

Ans. Bhangra

22. Coffee is not grown in _____.

Ans. Haryana.

23. Cattle waste is used to produce _____.

Ans. Biogas.

24. Indian is one of the world's leading producer of _____.

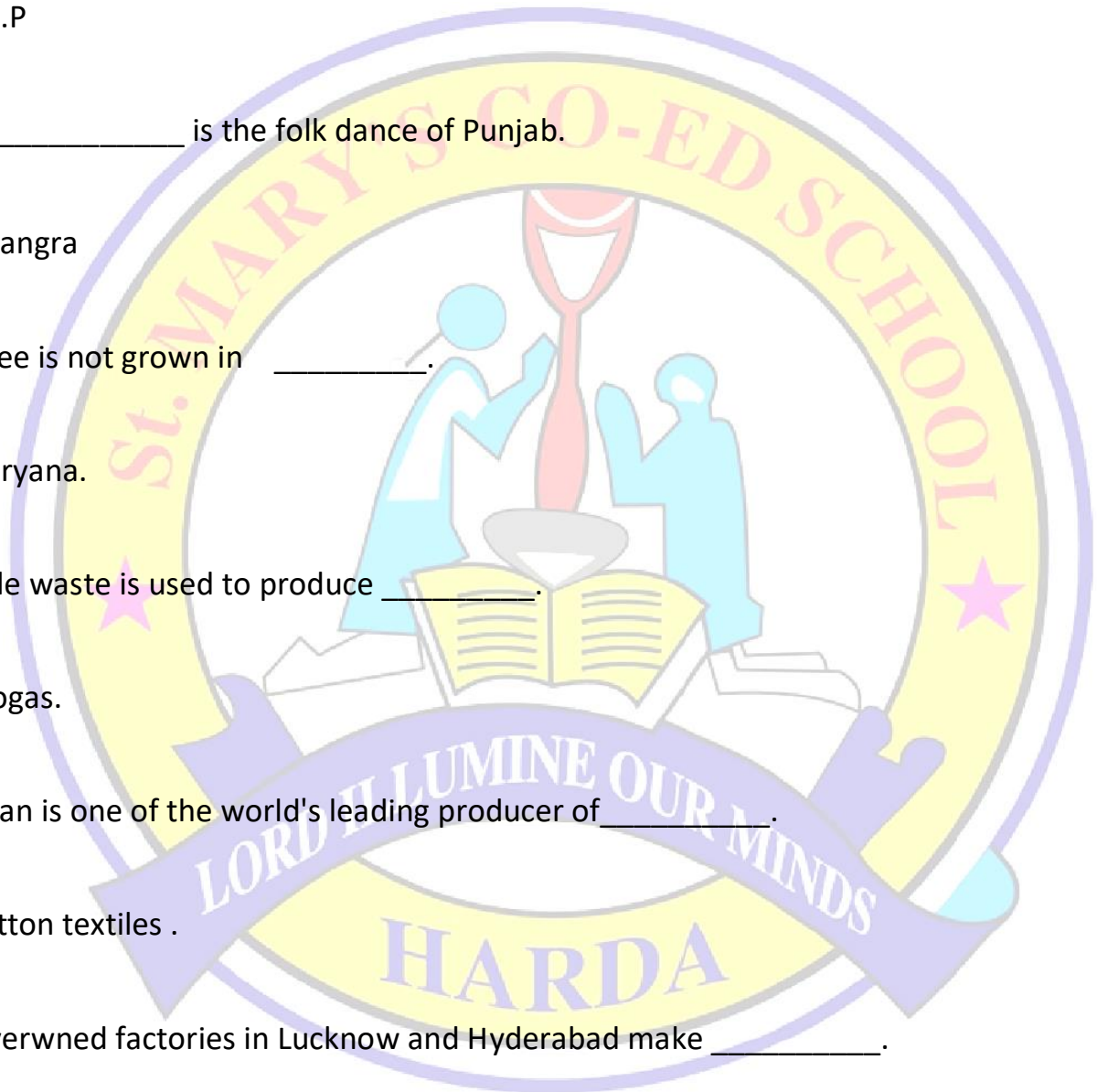
Ans. cotton textiles .

25. Government factories in Lucknow and Hyderabad make _____.

Ans. Aeroplanes.

26. _____ is not an oilseed.

Ans. Sugarcane.



QIII. Match the Column.

1. Animals. Livestock

2. Solar. Sun

3. Forest. Plants

4. Fuel. Petrol

5. Metal. Iron

6. Supreme Court - Judicial body

7. Parliament House -. New Delhi

8. Rajya Sabha - Upper house

9. Gram Panchayat - Sarpanch

10. Municipal Corporation - Mayor

11. Governor - State

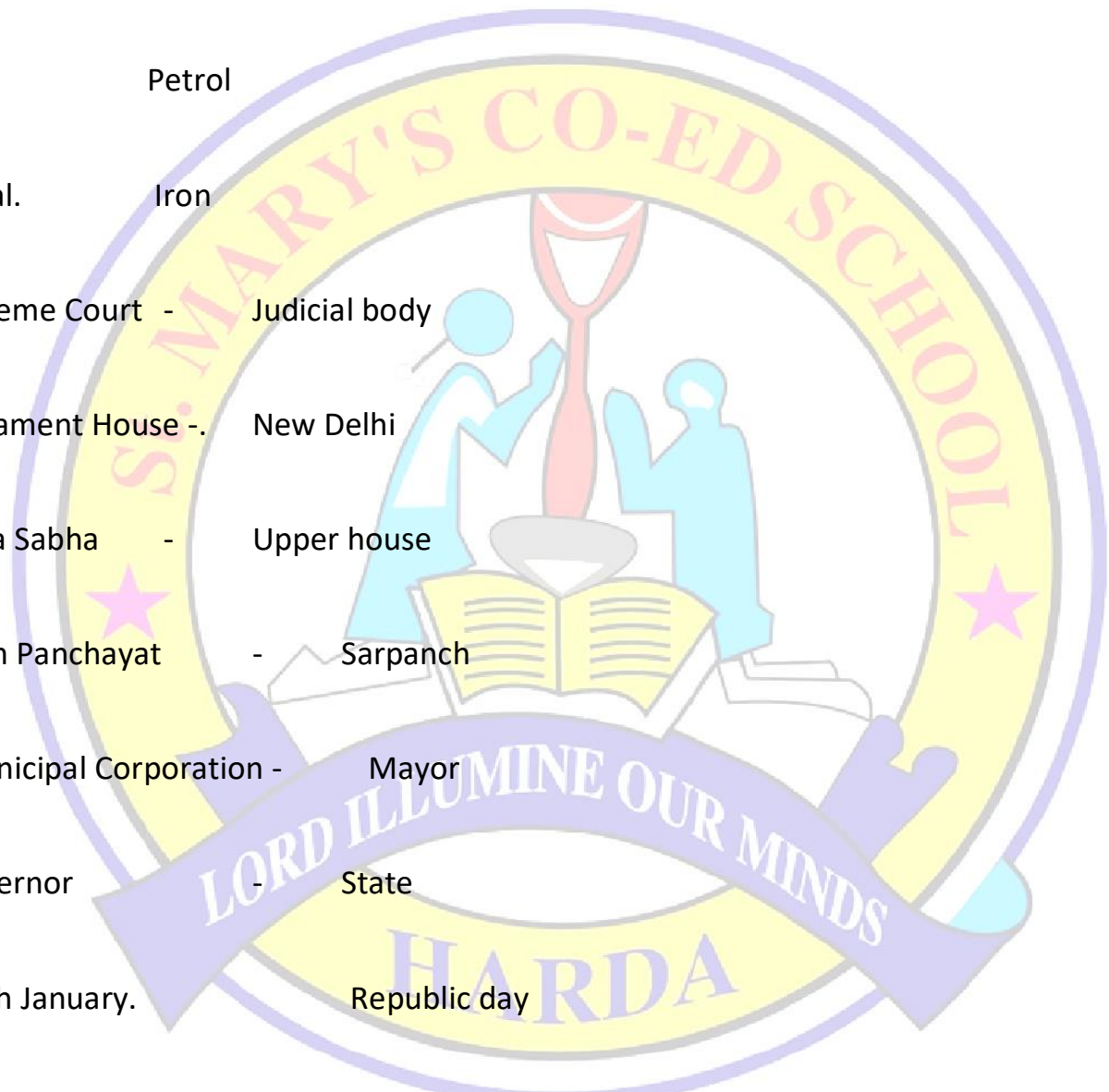
12. 26th January. Republic day

13. Right to choose any profession. Fundamental Right

14. Protect our environment. Fundamental Duty

15.. Directive Principles

16. Marathi - language



17. Mohiniattam - dance
18. Worli - painting
19. Victoria memorial - architecture
20. Terracotta - craftwork

21. Rice Southern and Eastern India.

22. Wheat. North and North West India .

23. Fishing . Coastal regions.

24. Jute mills . West Bengal .

25. Automobiles . Pune.

Revision number 3

QIV. Short Answer Type Questions.

1. Why do human beings need air?

Ans. Human beings need air to breathe.

2. Which natural resource is the main preventer of soil erosion?

Ans. Plants are the main preventers of soil erosion.

3. What do you mean by livestock?

Ans. Animals raised by us for our use are known as livestock.

4.How is soil useful for animals and insects?

Ans. Animals and insects live in soil.

5. Which natural resource is used in solar energy?

Ans. Sun is the natural resource used in solar energy.

6.How many States and Union Territories are there in India?

Ans. There are 28 states and 9 Union Territories in India.

7.Name the three levels of government in India.

Ans. Union or central government, state government and Local self government

8 In which city of India is the Parliament House located?

Ans. Parliament House is located in Delhi.

9. What are the members of the Lower and Upper House called?

Ans. The members of both the houses are called the Members of Parliament or MPs.

10 .What are municipal committees called in Mumbai?

Ans. Municipal committees are called Municipal Corporations in Mumbai.

11. As per the Indian Constitution, what are the official languages of India?

Ans. The Constitution of India states Hindi and English as the official languages of India.

12. What is a dialect?

Ans. Different forms of the same language are known as dialects.

13. What kind of cloth do women in Assam wear?

Ans. Women of Assam wear Mekhla – chador, a two piece saree.

14.. Which instruments do Hari Prasad Chaurasia and Zakir Hussain play?

Ans. Pt. Hari Prasad Chaurasia plays 'Flute' and Ustad Zakir Husain plays 'Tablas'.

15. Name the 2 styles of music practiced in India.

Ans. Hindustani music and Carnatic music are the 2 styles of music practiced in India.

16. How many varieties of rice are grown in India ?

Ans. Over 4,000 varieties of rice are grown in India.

17. What is the staple food of people in north and north-west India ?

Ans. Wheat is the staple food of people in north and north-west India.

18. How are industries classified on the basis of their size and capital invested?

Ans. Industries are classified as large scale, small scale and cottage industries on the basis of their size and capital invested.

19. Where are the oil refineries in India located ?

Ans. In India oil refineries are located in Bihar, Assam and Gujarat.

20.What kind of plants are grown in horticulture ?

Ans.In horticulture cultivation medical plants, fruits ,vegetables ,nuts ,herbs, flowersand non food crops like grass and ornamental plants are grown.

21. What is the constitution?

Answer. Constitution is a written rules according to which a country is run by the government .

22.Who elects the president in a Republic ?

Answer . The president is elected by the elected members of parliament and State Legislative Assemblies.

23. How does our Preamble describe India?

Answer .Preamble describes India to be a sovereign, socialist ,secular and democratic republic. .

24. Why is India a secular country ?

Answer.India is a secular country because all the people in the country are free to follow any religion.

25.What is a monarchy?

Answer .A country which is ruled by a monarch is called a monarchy.

Revision no.4

QV. Give one example each of -

1. Metal

Ans. Copper

2. Fuel

Ans. Petrol

3. Livestock

Ans. Cow/Animals

4. Government launched program for trees.

Ans. Vanmahotsav

5. Use of solar energy

Ans. Solar cooker

QVI. A part from India, give one country which is:

1. Democratic. Denmark

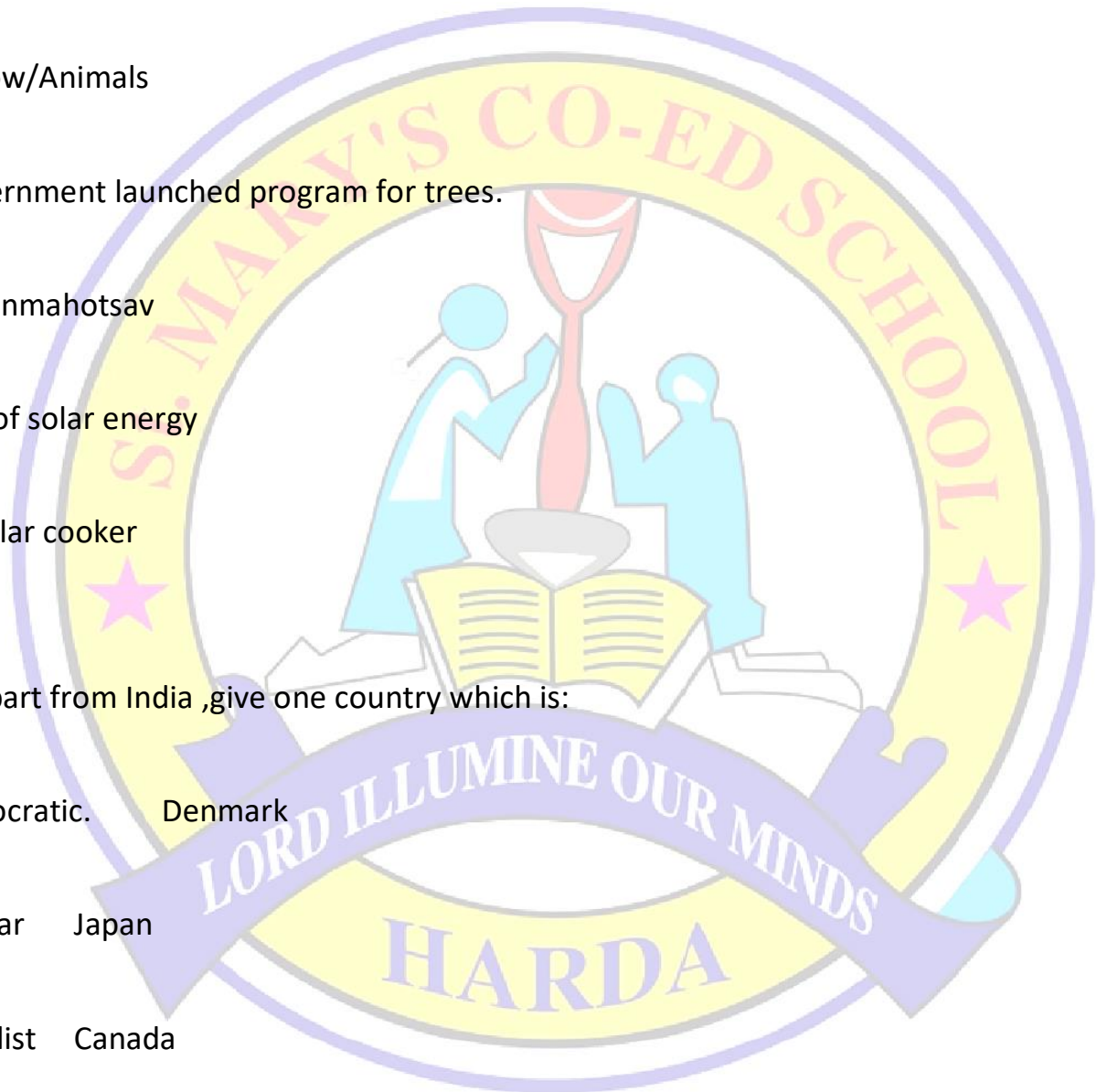
2. Secular Japan

3. Socialist Canada

4. Republic Netherlands.

5. Monarchy Oman

QVII. Give one example each of:



- | | |
|--|--------------------------|
| 1. Language written from right to left | - Urdu |
| 2. Temple with beautiful carving | - Kailash Temple, Ellora |
| 3. A majestic ancient Indian Fort | - Agra |
| 4.. Classical dance of South India | - Bharatnatyam |
| 5. Popular art of Bihar | Madhubani art |

Q VIII. Give two examples each of:

- 
- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. Rubber | Tamil Nadu ,Karnataka. |
| 2. Fruits . | Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh . |
| 3. Sugar | Bihar ,Punjab . |
| 4. Railway equipments. | Kolkata, Varanasi . |
| 5. Electrical goods . | Mumbai ,Chenna |

QIX. Give two places where the following are produced .

1. Rubber Tamil Nadu ,Karnataka
2. Fruits . Gujarat, Madhya Pradesh
3. Sugar Bihar ,Punjab
4. Railway equipments Kolkata, Varanasi

5 .Electrical goods Mumbai ,Chennai

QX.What are the called page number 162.

QXI. Fill in the blanks.

pg.127,141,153,161,170

